

Referencias

Capítulo 1

- ¹ Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC). Climate Change 2001: Third Assessment Report (Volume I), Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2001.
- ² Fagan, B. Floods, Famines and Emperors. El Niño and the Fate of Civilisations. New York: Basic Books, 1999.
- ³ OMS. Informe sobre la salud en el mundo 2002: Reducir los riesgos y promover una vida sana. OMS, Ginebra, 2002.

Capítulo 2

- ¹ Albritton DL, Meiro-Filho LG. Technical Summary. In: Climate Change 2001: The Scientific Basis. Contribution of Working Group I to the Third Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change [Houghton, J.T., Y. Ding, D.J. Griggs, M. Noguer, P.J. van der Linden, X. Dai, K. Maskell, and C.A. Johnson (eds.)]. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom, and New York, NY.
- ² US Environmental Protection Agency. Greenhouse effects schematic (2001).
- ³ Watson RT and the Core Writing Team. Climate Change 2001: Synthesis Report. Summary for Policymakers. A Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. IPCC Secretariat, c/o World Meteorological Organization, Geneva, Switzerland (2001).

Capítulo 3

- ¹ IPCC. Synthesis Report, Third Assessment Report. Cambridge University Press, 2001.
- ² Patz, J.A. et al. The potential health impacts of climate variability and change for the United States: executive summary of the report of the health sector of the U.S. National Assessment. Environmental Health Perspectives, 108(4): 367-76 (2000).
- ³ Watson, R.T. et al. (eds.) The Regional Impacts of Climate Change. An assessment of vulnerability: A Special Report of IPCC Working Group II. pp 517 Cambridge, U.K.: Cambridge University Press (1998).
- ⁴ Gubler, D.J. Dengue and dengue haemorrhagic fever. Clinical Microbiology Review 11: 480-96 (1998).

⁵ Woodward AJ, et al. Protecting human health in a changing world: the role of social and economic development Bulletin of the World Health Organization. 78: 1148-1155 (2000).

⁶ Martens WJM, Rotmans J, Rothman DS. In: Martens WJM, McMichael AJ (eds.). Environmental Change, Climate and Health: Issues and Research Methods. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2002, pp. 197-225.

⁷ Hales, S., et al. Potential effect of population and climate changes on global distribution of dengue fever: an empirical model. Lancet, 360: p. 830-834 (2002).

⁸ Wilson, M.L., Ecology and infectious disease, in Ecosystem Change and Public Health: A Global Perspective, J.L. Aron and J.A. Patz, Editors, 2001, Johns Hopkins University Press: Baltimore. p. 283-324

Capítulo 4

- ¹ Walther, G. et al. Ecological responses to recent climate change. Nature 416: 389-395 (2002).
- ² Lindgren, E. & Gustafson, R. Tick-borne encephalitis in Sweden and climate change. Lancet 358(9275): 16-87 (2001).
- ³ Pascual M. et al., Cholera dynamics and El Niño Southern Oscillation. Science 289: 1766-69 (2000).

Capítulo 5

- ¹ IPCC. Climate Change 2001, vol 1. Cambridge University Press, 2001
- ² Bouma MJ, van der Kaay HJ. Epidemic Malaria in India's Thar Desert. Lancet 373: 132-133 (1995).
- ³ Hales S., et al. Dengue Fever Epidemics in the South Pacific Region: Driven by El Niño Southern Oscillation? Lancet 348: 1664-1665 (1996).
- ⁴ Kalkstein, L.S. & Greene, J.S. An Evaluation of Climate/Mortality Relationships in Large US Cities and the Possible Impacts of Climate Change. Env Hlth Pers. 105(1): 84-93 (1997).
- ⁵ Bouma MJ, et al. Global Assessment of El Niño's Disaster Burden. Lancet 350: 1435-1438 (1997).

Capítulo 6

- ¹ Patz, J.A., et al., Effects of environmental change on emerging parasitic diseases. Int J Parasitol, 30(12-13): p. 1395-405 (2000).
- ² Bouma, M. and H. van der Kaay, The El Niño Southern Oscillation and the historic malaria epidemics on the Indian subcontinent and Sri Lanka: an early warning system for future epidemics? Tropical Medicine and International Health, 1(1): p. 86-96. (1996).

Capítulo 7

- ¹ OMS. Informe sobre la salud en el mundo 2002. Ginebra, OMS, 2002.
- ² Murray, C.J.L. Quantifying the Burden of Disease - the Technical Basis for Disability-Adjusted Life Years. Bulletin of the World Health Organization. 72(3): 429-445 (1994).
- ³ McMichael, A.J. et al. Climate Change. In: Comparative quantification of Health Risks. Geneva: World Health Organization, 2003, (en prensa).

Capítulo 8

- ¹ Environmental effects of ozone depletion: 1998 assessment. Nairobi, Kenya, United Nations Environment Program, 1998. Véase también: Kelfkens, G. et al. Ozone layer-climate change interactions. Influence on UV levels and UV related effects. Dutch National Research Programme on Global Air Pollution and Climate Change, Report no.: 410 200 112.
- ² IARC. Solar and Ultraviolet Radiation. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans. Vol 55. Lyon, France, International Agency for Research on Cancer, 1992.
- ³ Madronich S, de Gruyjl FR. Skin cancer and UV radiation. Nature, 366 (6450): 23 (1993).
- ⁴ Ponsonby A-L, McMichael AJ, van der Mei I. Ultraviolet radiation and autoimmune disease: insights from epidemiological research. Toxicology, 181-182: 71-78 (2002).

⁵ Temorshuizen F, et al. Influence of season on antibody response to high dose recombinant Hepatitis B vaccine: effect of exposure to solar UVR? *Hepatology*, 32 (4): 1657 (2000).

⁶ Slaper H, et al. Estimates of ozone depletion and skin cancer incidence to examine the Vienna Convention achievements. *Nature* 384 (6606): 256-8 (1996).

Capítulo 9

¹ WHO Health impact assessment as a tool for intersectoral health policy. WHO European Centre for Environment and Health/European Centre for Health Policy, 1999.

² Parry, M.L. & Carter, T. Climate impact and adaptation assessment, London, UK, EarthScan, 1998.

³ Patz, J.A. et al. The potential health impacts of climate variability and change for the United States: executive summary of the report of the health sector of the US National Assessment. *Environ Health Perspect* 108: 367-376 (2000).

⁴ Dept of Health (UK) Health Effects of Climate Change in the UK. London: DoH 2002.

⁵ OCHA. UNDAC Mission Report Fiji Drought. UN Office for Co-ordination of Humanitarian Affairs, 1998.

⁶ Health Canada. National Health Impact and Adaptation Assessment Framework and Tools. Ottawa: Climate Change and Health Office, Health Canada, 2002.

Capítulo 11

¹ IPCC, 2001. Climate Change 2001: Impacts, Adaptation, and Vulnerability. Contribution of Working Group II to the Third Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, UK.

² NOAA. NOAA releases century's top weather, water, and climate events. 1999. <http://www.noaanews.noaa.gov/stories/s334.b.htm>.

³ US Centers for Disease Control (CDC). Rapid health needs assessment following Hurricane Andrew - Florida and Louisiana, 1992. *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*, 41 (37): 685 (1992).

⁴ UNDP. 2000 Informe sobre Desarrollo Humano 2000: Derechos humanos y desarrollo humano. Programa de las Naciones Unidas para el Desarrollo. Oxford University Press, New York, NY, USA.

⁵ OMS. 2000. Informe sobre la salud en el mundo 2000: Mejorar el desempeño de los sistemas de salud. Organización Mundial de la Salud, Ginebra, Suiza.

⁶ Rayner, S. & Malone, E.L. Climate change, poverty and intragenerational equity: the national level. In: Climate change and its linkages with development, equity and sustainability. Proceedings of the IPCC Expert Meeting held in Colombo, Sri Lanka, 27-29 April, 1999. Munasinghe, M. & Swart, R. eds. Colombo, Sri Lanka, LIFE; Bilthoven, The Netherlands, RIVM; and Washington D.C., USA, World Bank, pp. 215-242, 1999.

Capítulo 13

¹ McMichael AJ et al. The Sustainability Transition: A new challenge (Editorial). *Bull WHO*, 78: 1067 (2000).

² R. Watson, et al. Protecting Our Planet Securing Our Future: Linkages Among Global Environmental Issues and Human Needs. UNEP, NASA, World Bank, 1998.

³ McMichael, AJ. Population, environment, disease, and survival: past patterns, uncertain futures. *Lancet*, 359: 1145-48 (2002).

⁴ Patz, J.A. et al. The potential health impacts of climate variability and change for the United States: executive summary of the report of the health sector of the U.S. National Assessment. *Environ Health Perspect*, 108(4): 367-76 (2000).

⁵ Organización Mundial de la Salud. Informe sobre la salud en el mundo, 2002.

⁶ WMO/UNEP. Scientific Assessment of Ozone Depletion, 2002.

⁷ IPCC. Climate Change 2001, Impacts, adaptation and vulnerability. Published for the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2001.

Capítulo 10

¹ IPCC, 2001. Climate Change 2001: Impacts, Adaptation, and Vulnerability. Contribution of Working Group II to the Third Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, UK.

Capítulo 12

¹ Scheraga, Joel D., and Anne E. Grambsch, «Risks, opportunities, and adaptation to climate change,» *Climate Research*, Vol. 10, 1998, 85-95.

² Tamburlini, G., and K. L. Ebi, «Searching for evidence, dealing with uncertainties, and promoting participatory risk-management,» in Children's health and environment: A review of evidence, Tamburlini G., O.S. von Ehrenstein, R. Bertollini, editors. A Joint Report from the European Environment Agency and the WHO Regional Office for Europe, EEA, Copenhagen, 2002, 199-206.